2014 Cotton insect losses questionnaire. Note: Questions on pages 1–2 are designed to orient the	Respon	se for:
estimator to an overview prior to answering the pest questions on page 3a & b. Use separate columns for Non-Bt cotton & Bt cotton, for HT & non-HT cotton, and by cotton trait technology, where applicable.	Non-Bt Cotton	Bt Cotton
1. Your Name (this information will never be shared with anyone; ID purposes only)		
2. Reporting Area (County or Counties; e.g., Pinal Co.)		
2a. Subarea (farm or farms, or portion of County, etc.; West Pinal Co. or Stanfield or farm name)		
3. Date submitted (dd/mm/yy)		
4. Cotton Acreage to which this estimate applies.		
5. Yield in pounds per acre for this acreage.		
6. Potential yield in pounds per acre for this acreage. Assume ideal conditions.		
7. Percent reduction in yield by WEATHER: % reduction:		
8. Percent reduction in yield by CHEMICAL INJURY: %reduction:	-	
9. Percent reduction in yield by All INSECTS combined: % reduction:		
9b. Percent reduction in yield by All WEEDS combined: % reduction:		
9c. Percent reduction in yield by All DISEASES combined: % reduction:		
10. Percent reduction in yield by OTHER PESTS: % reduction: (Insert your list of other pests here, in		
margins or back of this document)		
11. Percent reduction in yield by OTHER FACTORS: % reduction: (Insert your list of other factors here, in		
margins or back of this document)		
16. Number of acres planted with treated seed for insect control.		
17. Cost of seed treatment per acre		
16b. Number of acres receiving planting time in furrow sprays for early season insects.		
17b. Cost of `in furrow sprays' /acre: 'in furrow'		
17c. Number of acres treated with a residual herbicide (as pre- or at planting):		
18. Number of acres planted to transgenic Bt cotton that is not stacked with a herbicide tolerant trait:		
19. Cost of just the Bt trait per acre of Bt cotton (leave blank if you don't know):		
25b) What percentage of cotton foliar applications are reported to the state on form L-1080?	Before Lay-by	After Lay-by
A) Insecticides / miticides?		
B) Herbicides?		
C) Fungicides?		
D) Nematicides?		

Technologies ===>	Bollgard II	BGII/Flex	BGII/LL	BGII/Glytol	Widestrike W/	Flex TL/HT	BGII/LL/Glytol	Flex only	LL only	Glytol/LL	Organic	Non-transgenic
Acres planted to:				 - - - -			1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1				

*LL=LibertyLink; W=Widestrike; TL=TwinLink; HT=Herbicide tolerant; Should total 100% of your acreage; Non-transgenic=conventional cotton.

,	30	C
Applications: Acreage treated by air or ground should not exceed more than 100% each (but when combined may total up to 200%). These questions pertain to FOLIAR INSECTICIDE applications	Respon	se for:
only.	Non-Bt Cotton	Bt Cotton
20. Percent acres (for this estimate) treated by air this year:		
21. Cost per acre for aerial applications:		
22. Average number of treatments by air:		
23. Percent acres (for this estimate) treated by ground this year:		
24. Cost per acre for ground applications:		
25. Average number of treatments by ground:		
Pest Management Fees: Estimate the cost of <u>pest management fees</u> paid by farmers to advisory		
personnel: crop consultants, fieldmen and/or advisors.		
26. Number of acres for which there was a pest monitor, consultant, or crop advisor this year. Confine your		
estimate to pest management (exclude agronomic, water use and other crop management advice).		
27. Number of field visits per week:		
28. Estimated cost per acre for pest management advisory by scouted acre:		

Pest Questions: Please answer each of the questions on the next pages for your reporting area. Take notice that acres planted, acres infested, and acres treated may be different. Infested acres are those on which insects were reported. Estimates on number of applications should be based on treated acres. Percent yield reduction should include infested acres (whether treated or not). Estimates will be converted to a weighted average for the entire planted acreage. Always keep in mind the acreage for which you are making the estimate, but realize that it will be combined with other areas in your state and finally in the nation to make a national estimate. A working example is given in the Powerpoint handout; please review it before answering the questions on next page.

See Example Sheet & Instructions

Cotton Insect Losses

	(a) Number* infested by th		(b) Number		(c) No. of ins applications control this p	required to best:	(d) Cost of 1 a acre (include a cost):		(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:			
Type of Cotton ==>	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt	Non-Bt	Bt		
Aphids	1											
Bagrada bug												
Brown Stink Bug												
Other Stink bugs												
Bandedwing whitefly												
Beet armyworm												
Boll weevil												
Bollworm/budworm												
Cabbage loopers												
Cotton fleahopper												
Cotton leafperforator												
Cutworms												
Darkling Beetles												
Fall armyworm												
Grasshoppers												
Lygus bug												
Pale-Striped Flea Beetle												
Pink bollworm	3											
Salt-marsh caterpillar												
Silverleaf (Sweetpotato) whitefly	(
Spider mites												
Thrips/Western flower thrips	1											
Other (specify)					1							
Acreage never sprayed foliarly for insects												

Notes: Please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (e).

^{*}Number of acres or percentages are both acceptable, but please be consistent.

Historically, how have you used the following insecticides?*

*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.

	Checl	c one		
	Never Barely (not every year)			
	Ž	Often (every year	nct	
	o to	very	'Go to" Product	
	er ek	e) (a	to."	
Insecticide/Miticide			-	Primary Target Pests
acephate (Orthene) ······	\circ	0	0	
acetamiprid (Intruder) ········	\circ	0	0	
avermectin (Zephyr) ·····	\circ	0	0	
bifenazate (Acramite) ······	\circ	0	0	
bifenthrin (Brigade/Capture) \cdot	\circ	0	0	
buprofezin (Courier) ······	00	0	0	
chlorpyrifos (Lorsban) ······	OC	0	0	
clothianidin (Belay) ······	00	0	0	
cyfluthrin (Baythroid) ······	OC	0	0	
dicrotophos (Bidrin) ·····	00	0	0	
dicofol (Kelthane) ······	OC	0	0	
diflubenzuron (Dimilin) ········	00	0	0	
dimethoate ······	00	0	0	
dinotefuran (Venom) ······	00	0	0	
emamectin benzoate (Denim)	00	0	0	
esfenvalerate (Asana) ·······	00	0	0	
etoxazole (Zeal) ······	00	0	0	
fenpropathrin (Danitol) ········	00	0	0	
fenpyroximate (Fujimite) ······	00	0	0	
flonicamid (Carbine) ······	00	0	0	
imidacloprid (Provado) ········	00	0	0	
indoxacarb (Steward) ·······	00	0	0	
lambda-cyhalothrin (Warrior)	00	0	0	
methomyl (Lannate) ······	00	0	0	
oxamyl (Vydate C-LV) ······	00	0	0	
profenofos (Curacron) ········	00	0	0	
propargite (Comite) ······				
pyriproxyfen (Knack) ······				
spiromesifen (Oberon) ········	00	0	0	
sulfoxaflor (Transform) ·······	00	Ó	0	
sulfur ·····				
thiamethoxam (Centric) ·······				
zeta-cypermethrin (Mustang)				
Other				

For <u>this year</u>, indicate your insecticide usage in % acres treated, no. of sprays and target pest(s) for each product & each cotton technology

*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.

		%Acres	Treated	No. of	% Reported to		
		Non-BT	<u>BT</u>	Non-BT	<u>BT</u>	ADA on 1080	
Insecticide/Miticide	Target Pest(s)					1	
acephate (Orthene) ······							
acetamiprid (Intruder) ·······						 	
avermectin (Zephyr) ·····							
bifenazate (Acramite) ·······							
bifenthrin (Brigade/Capture) ·		-					
buprofezin (Courier) ······							
chlorpyrifos (Lorsban) ······							
clothianidin (Belay) ······							
cyfluthrin (Baythroid) ······						<u> </u>	
dicrotophos (Bidrin) ······							
dicofol (Kelthane) ·····							
diflubenzuron (Dimilin) ·······							
dimethoate ·····							
dinotefuran (Venom) ······							
emamectin benzoate (Denim)							
esfenvalerate (Asana) ·······							
etoxazole (Zeal) ······							
fenpropathrin (Danitol) ·······							
fenpyroximate (Fujimite) ······							
flonicamid (Carbine) ······							
imidacloprid (Provado) ·······							
indoxacarb (Steward) ······							
lambda-cyhalothrin (Warrior)							
methomyl (Lannate) ······							
oxamyl (Vydate C-LV) ······		-					
profenofos (Curacron) ········							
propargite (Comite) ·······							
pyriproxyfen (Knack) ······							
spiromesifen (Oberon) ········							
sulfoxaflor (Transform) ·······							
sulfur ·····							
thiamethoxam (Centric) ·······							
zeta-cypermethrin (Mustang)							
Other							
						1	

Knowledge of Prior Year's Sprays

- 1. To what degree **were you knowledgeable** about last year's insecticide use in the Sections surrounding fields for which you made insecticide recommendations this year? (See image below)
 - a. ____ Extremely knowledgeable (81 100%)
 - b. Very knowledgeable (61 80%)
 - c. Somewhat knowledgeable (41 60%)
 - d. Don't know much (21 40%)
 - e. Know very little (1 20%)
 - f. Know nothing (0%)
- 2. To what degree does your knowledge about last year's chemical use in the Sections surrounding your field **influence your insecticide recommendation** for whitefly control? (See image below)
 - a. It is something I always consider
 - b. 81 to 99% of the time
 - c. 61 to 80% of the time
 - d. 41 to 60% of the time
 - e. 21 to 40% of the time
 - f. 1 to 20% of the time
 - g. ____ It is not something I consider



Cotton Weed Losses, All Species

Provide responses for both HT and non-HT cottons	Rank* your top 5 weeds this year	(a) Number		(b) Number treated for		(c) No. of a required to co.		(d) Cost of 1 ap (include appli		(e) Percent reduction in yield due to this pest:		
	1 2 3 4 5	Non-Ht	Ht	Non-Ht	Ht	Non-Ht	Ht	Non-Ht	Ht	Non-Ht	Ht	
purple nutsedge	00000	110//11/		11077117		1107717	117	11077117	117	11077117		
	00000											
barnyardgrass	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
junglerice	00000											
sprangletop	00000											
cocklebur	00000											
	00000											
field bindweed	00000											
	00000											
lambsquarter	00000											
little mallow (cheeseweed)												
	00000											
nettleleaf goosefoot												
	00000											
prostrate pigweed	-											
	00000											
prickly lettuce	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
silverleaf nightshade	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
	00000											
Wright groundcherry												
Other												

Notes: Please enter a number (could be zero) in every cell under infested acres (a), treated acres (b), and percent reduction (e). HT = Herbicide Tolerant, e.g., RR Flex, Liberty Link or other technology conferring resistance to herbicides.

 $^{^{*}}$ At a minimum, please pick your top 5 weeds and provide all information indicated.

Cotton Weed Losses, By Weed Group

Provide responses for each Ht			res infested			cres treated	1	o. of appl		acre (i	nclude ap	plication			on in yield
technology, where appropriate		by this pe			for this po		1		ol this pest:	λ7 II.	cost):	CT/LL (CL)		ue to this p	
Grasse Broad leave Sedge Notes: Please enter a number (c Herbicide Practices* 3c1–4. On what percentage Tank Mixtures* 3c5–8. On what percentage		KK Flex	GT/LL (GL)	Non-Ht	KK Flex	G1/LL (GL)	Non-Ht	KK Flex	GT/LL (GL)	Non-Ht	KK Flex	GI/LL (GL)	Non-Ht	KK Flex	G1/LL (GL)
Grasses															
Broad leaves															
Sedges															
Notes: Please enter a number (con	ıld be zero) ir	n every cell u reduction		res (a), treate	ed acres (b), a	and percent		% of Acro	es*	Pr	eferred P	roducts (W	rite in Pr	oduct Na	mes)
Herbicide Practices*			(-)-					{	GT/LL (GL)		ı-Ht	RR I			L (GL)
3c1-4. On what percentage ((%) of acre	es did you	r growers us	e:											
			a prepl	ant/preer	mergence	herbicide?									
			an Ea	rly POS	Γ/topical	herbicide?									
			a Mid -l	POST/P	ost direct	herbicide?									
			a Layby/Po	st direct b	proadcast	therbicide?									
Tank Mixtures*															
3c5–8. On what percentage ((%) of acre	es did you	r growers us	e:											
			tank	mixed her	bicides d	uring PRE?									
	t	tank mixe	d herbicides	during E	arly POS	T/topical?									
	tanl	k mixed h	erbicides du	ring Mid -	-POST/I	Post direct?									
	tank mix	ed herbic	cides during	Layby/Po	ost direct	broadcast?									
<u>Tillage</u> *															
3c9–12. On what percentage	e (%) of ac	res did yo	ur growers ı	ise:											
					presea	son tillage?									
				•••	Early PO	ST tillage?									
					. Mid PO	ST tillage?									
					La	yby tillage?									

For any question for which you do not know the farmers' practices or cannot estimate, please fill in with an 'X'.

Palmer Amaranth Losses and Management

Provide responses for each Ht technology, where appropriate	(a) Number of acres infested by this pest:	(b) Number of acres treated for this pest:		o. of appl to contro	ications ol this pest:	acre (include ap cost):	plication		nt reducti ie to this p	on in yield est:
&· 11 1	Non-Ht RR Flex GT/LL (GL)	1	1			,	· GT/LL (GL)			
Palmer amaranth										
Notes: Please enter a number (cou	ld be zero) in every cell under infested act reduction (e).	res (a), treated acres (b), and percent		% of Acre	es*	Preferred P	roducts (W	rite in Pro	oduct Na	mes)
In-field Palmer Amaranth (Control Practices*		Non-Ht	RR Flex	GT/LL (GL)	Non-Ht	RR I	Elex	GT/L	L (GL)
	(%) of acres did your growers: ant/preemergence herbicide	to control Palmer Amaranth								
use a prepi	•	to control Palmer Amaranth?								
		to control Palmer Amaranth?								
	use glyphosate exclusively have trouble co	to control Palmer Amaranth? ontrolling Palmer Amaranth?								
Palmer Amaranth in Adjac										
3d6–10. What % of Palmer g	rowing on field margins, irrigat	ion ditches, waste areas, etc., d	 o your gro	wers con	trol / kill:					
		with glyphosate alone ?)							
	with tank mixt	ures that include glyphosate?)							
	with herbi	cides other than glyphosate?								
		by flaming, diesel, or oils?	,							
	by mechanical mea	ns (including hand-weeding)?								
Other Palmer Questions*										
3d11–12. What percentage (%):									
of your growers' Pal	mer amaranth reached flower	ing prior to death or removal?	,							
of the time do your	growers clean equipment afte	r use in Palmer infested fields?								

*For any question for which you do not know the farmers' practices or cannot estimate, please fill in with an \dot{X} .

Historically, how have you used the following herbicides?*

*One brand name is provided as an example only; in some cases, there are many products containing the same active ingredient.

This year, indicate your herbicide use in % acres treated & no. of sprays made for each cotton technology* *HT = Herbicide Tolerant transgenic cotton

			ck all			very ye	year)	n ct	<u>%Ac</u>	res Tre	<u>eated</u>	No.	of Spra	<u>ys</u>					% Reported
<u>Herbicide</u>	PRE	Early Post	Mid Post dda	Layby	Never	Rarely (not every y	u (e	50 0. Primary Target Weeds	Non-HT	RR-Flex	GT/LL (GL)	Non-HT	RR-Flex -	GT/LL (GL)	PRE	Early Post	Mid Post	Layby	to ADA on <u>1080</u>
carfentrazone (Aim) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o							0	0	0	0	
clethodim (Select Max) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
diuron (Direx) ·····	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
fluazifop (Fusilade) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
flumioxazin (Chateau) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
glufosinate (Liberty) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
glyphosate (Roundup) ·····	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o							0	0	0	0	
halosulfuron (Sandea) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o							0	0	0	0	
prometryn (Caparol) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
diuron + linuron (Layby Pro) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
metolachlor (Dual Magnum) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
MSMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
norflurazon (Solicam) ······	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
oxyfluorfen (Goal) ·····	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	
pendimethalin (Prowl)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o							0	0	0	0	
prythiobac (Staple) ······								<u> </u>							0	0	0	0	
								0							0	0	0	0	
pyraflufen (ET) ······								o							0	0	0	0	
sethoxydim (Poast) ·····								0							0	0	0	0	_
trifloxysulfuron-sodium (Envoke)															0	0	0	0	
trifluralin (Treflan) ·····								o							0	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	'	ı	ı	I	1						