Cooperative Extension

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Alfalfa Report

Yuma County, Arizona
September 10, 2001



Production Update:

Selecting an alfalfa variety: Alfalfa growers in Arizona have over 40 varieties to choose from at planting time. Most of these varieties are reported to have multiple pest resistance, high yield potential and outstanding quality. Choosing an alfalfa variety involves answering the following questions: 1) Which fall dormancy rating is desired? Usually, nondormant and very nondormant varieties are most productive; 2) Which pests will be major problems? 3) What yield performance data is available? Potential new varieties should be planted on a small acreage on-farm and compared to varieties of known performance before planting on a large scale.

Insect Management: Beet armyworm and western yellowstriped armyworm are common pests in low desert alfalfa from June through September. Egg masses, covered with gray or white cottony scales, are deposited on the upper side of leaves. Eggs hatch in a few days and larvae reach full size in 2 to 3 weeks. Larvae pupate on or under the soil surface. Larvae appear smooth and are usually black with two prominent orange yellow stripes and many narrow stripes on each side. An intense black spot on the lateral margin of the first legless segment is a distinguishing characteristic. First instar larvae web terminal leaves together and skeletonize the leaves, later dispersing through the crop. Spiders and predacious bugs prey on larvae and larvae may be parasitized by *Hyposoter exigua* wasps. Monitor fields weekly using a sweep net and check fields 2 to 3 times per week if heavy populations begin to develop. Make 5 sweep counts at each of 4 to 5 locations in the field. Treat when there are 15 non-parasitized armyworms of more than ½ inch per sweep.

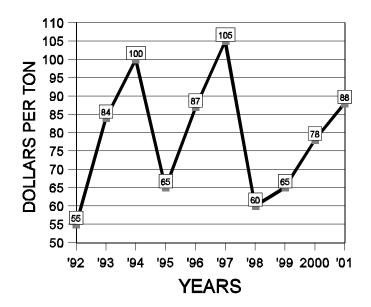
<u>Weed Control</u>: The performance of herbicides can be effected by the mixing sequence of treatments requiring the addition of adjuvants. Dry flowable formulations, for instance, can be difficult to dissolve if the adjuvant is added before the herbicide is dissolved in water. The mixing sequence on the label should be followed.

Market Summary:

Past 2 Weeks (August 27 to Sept. 9, 2001) Last Year (August 27 to Sept. 9, 2000)

<u>High</u>	Low	Average	Off grade
90	85	88	70-80
80	75	78	60-70

10 Year Summary (August 27, to September 9, 1992 - 2001)



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